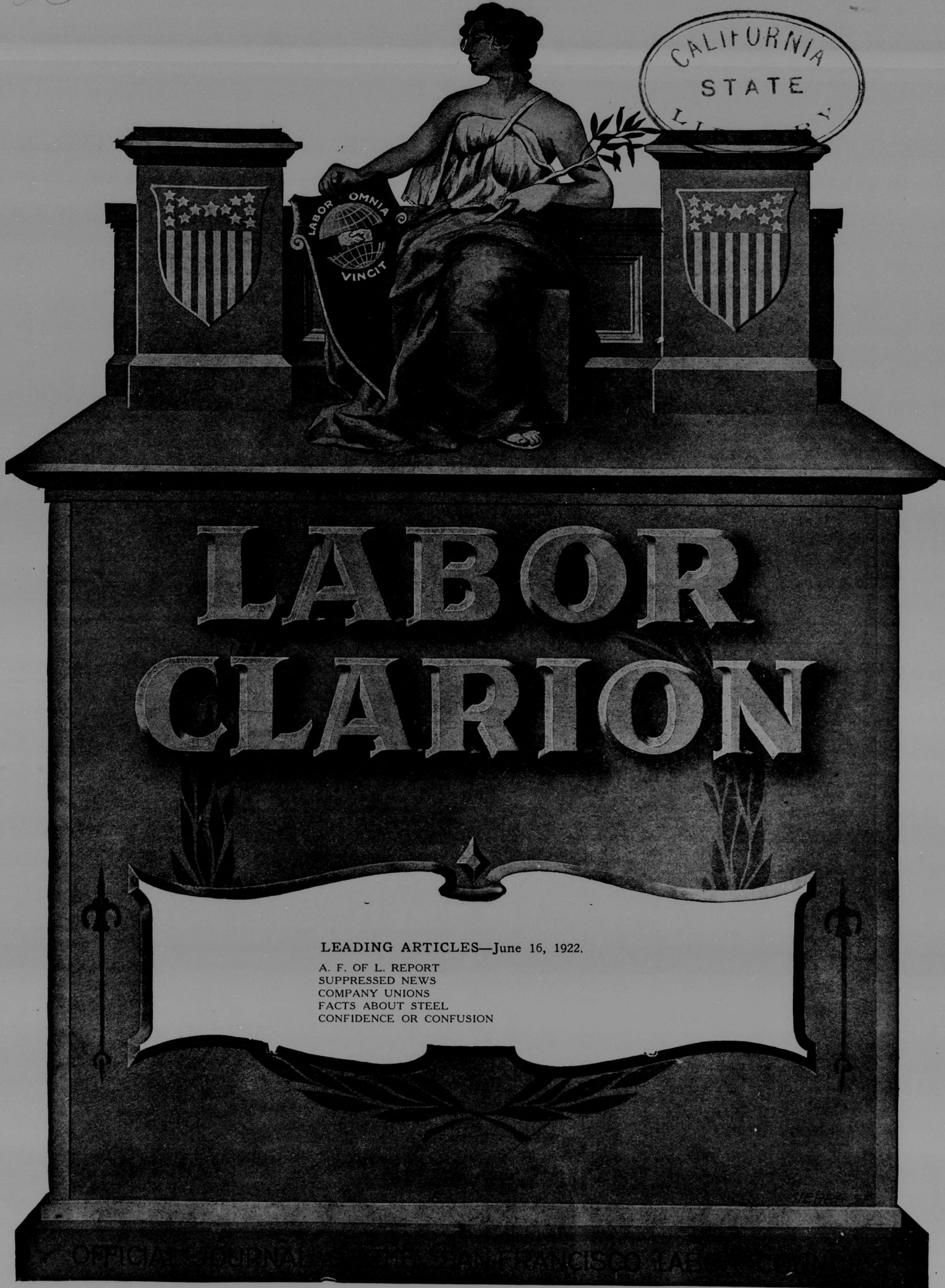


Cal



LEADING ARTICLES—June 16, 1922.

A. F. OF L. REPORT  
SUPPRESSED NEWS  
COMPANY UNIONS  
FACTS ABOUT STEEL  
CONFIDENCE OR CONFUSION

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE SAN FRANCISCO LABOR COUNCIL

## WE DON'T PATRONIZE LIST

The concerns named below are on the "We Don't Patronize List" of the San Francisco Labor Council. Members of Labor unions and sympathizers are requested to cut this out and post it.

American Tobacco Company.  
Compton's Restaurant, 8 Kearny.  
Block, J., Butcher, 1351 Taraval.  
European Baking Company.  
Fairyland Theatre.  
Gorman & Bennett, Grove.  
E. Goss & Co., Cigar Mnfrs., 113 Front.  
Great Western Grocery Co., 2255 Clement,  
844 Clement, 500 Balboa, 1852 McAllister,  
901 Haight, 5451 Geary, 700 Ninth Ave.,  
945 Cole.  
Gunst, M. A., cigar stores.  
Jewel Tea Company.  
Levi Strauss & Co., garment makers.  
National Biscuit Co., Chicago, products.  
Pacific Luggage Co.  
Players' Club.  
Regent Theatre.  
Schmidt Lithograph Co.  
Steffens, Jeweler, 2007 Mission.  
The Emporium.  
United Railroads.  
United Cigar Stores.  
White Lunch Establishments.

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Let her show you how to make a Paper Strip Dress Form! In other words—ask her ANYTHING pertaining to Dress and you will get complete satisfaction! **No charge.**

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**Market at Fifth**  
**San Francisco**

## Labor Council Directory

Labor Council meets every Friday at 8 p. m. at Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp Streets. Secretary's office and headquarters, Room 206, Labor Temple. Executive and Arbitration Committee meets every Monday at 7:30 p. m. Label Section meets first and third Wednesdays at 8 p. m. Headquarters telephone—Market 56.

Alaska Fishermen—Meet Fridays, 49 Clay.  
Asphalt Workers—Meet 2nd and 4th Mondays, Labor Temple.  
Auto Mechanics No. 1035—Meets Thursday evenings, 236 Van Ness Avenue.  
Automobile and Carriage Painters No. 1073—Meet Thursday evenings, Building Trades Temple.  
Baggage Messengers—Chas. Fohl, Secretary, 636 Ashbury.  
Bakers (Cracker) No. 125—Meet 2nd and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple.  
Bakers' Auxiliary (Cracker)—Meets 1st and 3rd Tuesdays, 1524 Powell.  
Bakers No. 24—Meet 1st and 3rd Saturdays, Labor Temple.  
Bakery Wagon Drivers—112 Valencia.  
Barbers—Meet 1st and 3rd Mondays, 112 Valencia Street.  
Bartenders No. 41—Meet 1st Mondays at 2:30, 3rd Mondays in evening at 8:00, 1075 Mission.  
Beer Drivers—177 Capp.  
Bill Posters—Meet 2nd and 4th Mondays, Fifteenth and Mission.  
Blacksmiths and Helpers No. 168—Meet 1st and 3rd Tuesdays, Labor Temple.  
Boilermakers No. 6—Headquarters, 2923 16th St.  
Bookbinders—Meet 3rd Friday, Labor Temple.  
Boot and Shoe Workers No. 216—Meet 2nd and 4th Wednesdays, Twenty-fourth and Howard.  
Bottlers No. 293—Meet 3rd Tuesdays, 177 Capp.  
Box Makers and Sawyers—Meet 1st and 3rd Tuesdays, 177 Capp.  
Brewery Workmen No. 7—Meet 2nd and 4th Thursdays, 177 Capp.  
Bricklayers No. 7—Meet Tuesdays, Building Trades Temple.  
Broom Makers—John A. Martin, Secretary, 3546 Nineteenth. Meet last Saturday, Labor Temple.  
Butchers No. 115—Meet Wednesdays, Labor Temple.  
Butchers No. 508 (Slaughterhousemen)—Meet 1st and 3rd Tuesdays, Laurel Hall, Seventh and R. B. Ave.  
Carpenters No. 22—Meet Fridays, Building Trades Temple.  
Carpenters No. 304—Meet Mondays, 112 Valencia.  
Carpenters No. 483—Meet Mondays, 112 Valencia.  
Carpenters No. 1082—Meet Tuesdays, 112 Valencia.  
Cemetery Employees—Meet 1st and 3rd Saturdays, Labor Temple.  
Chauffeurs No. 265, I. B. of T.—Meet 2nd and 4th Thursdays, 8 p. m., California Hall, Turk and Polk.

Cigarmakers—Meet 1st and 3rd Thursdays, Labor Temple.  
Cloth Hat and Cap Makers No. 9.  
Cooks' Helpers—Meet 2nd and 4th Wednesdays, 451 Kearny.  
Cooks No. 44—Meet 1st and 4th Thursday nights at 8:30, and 3rd Thursday afternoon at 2:30, 53 Sixth Street.  
Coopers No. 65—Meet 2nd and 4th Tuesdays, Labor Temple.  
Draftsmen—Meet 1st Thursday, Labor Temple.  
Dredgemen—10 Embarcadero.  
Egg Inspectors—Meet 2nd and 4th Wednesdays, Labor Temple.  
Electrical Workers No. 6—Meet Wednesdays, Building Trades Temple.  
Electrical Workers No. 151—Thursdays, 112 Valencia.  
Electrical Workers No. 537—Meet 1st and 3rd Wednesdays, 146 Steuart.  
Elevator Operators and Starters—Meet 1st and 3rd Tuesdays, Labor Temple.  
Federal Employees' Union No. 1—Meet 1st Tuesday, Native Sons Hall; headquarters, 746 Pacific Building.  
Federation of Teachers—Labor Temple.  
Felt and Composition Roofers No. 25—Meet 1st and 3rd Mondays, Building Trades Temple.  
Ferryboatmen's Union—Meets Wednesdays at 166 Steuart.  
Furniture Handlers No. 1—Meet 2nd and 4th Fridays, Building Trades Temple.  
Fur Workers—172 Golden Gate Avenue.  
Garment Cutters—Meet 2nd and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple.  
Garment Workers No. 131—Meet 1st and 3rd Thursdays, Labor Temple.  
Gas Appliance and Stove Fitters—Meet 2nd and 4th Fridays, Labor Temple. J. Hammerschlag, Secretary.  
Gas and Electric Fixture Hangers No. 404—Meet 2nd and 4th Mondays, Building Trades Temple.  
Glass Bottle Blowers—Meet 2nd and 4th Saturdays, Labor Temple.  
Glass Packers, Branch No. 45—Meet 1st and 3rd Saturdays, Labor Temple.  
Granite Cutters—Meet 2nd and 4th Tuesdays, Building Trades Temple.  
Grocery Clerks—Meet 1st Thursday, Labor Temple; office hours 9 to 11 a. m.  
Hatters' Union—J. Grace, Sec., 1114 Mission.  
Horsehoers—Meet 3rd Wednesdays, Labor Temple.  
Hospital Stewards and Nurses—E. N. Cummings, Secretary, 157 20th Ave.  
Ice Wagon Drivers—Meet 2nd and 4th Mondays, Labor Temple.  
Iron, Steel and Tin Workers No. 5—Meet 1st and 2nd Saturdays, Metropolitan Hall, South San Francisco.  
Janitors—Meet 1st and 3rd Thursdays, 8 p. m., Labor Temple.  
Jewelry Workers No. 36—Meet 2nd and 4th Mondays, 248 Pacific Building.  
Ladies' Garment Workers No. 8—236 Pacific Building.  
Ladies' Garment Workers No. 124.

Laundry Wagon Drivers—Meet 2nd and 4th Wednesdays, Labor Temple.  
Laundry Workers—Meet 1st and 3rd Mondays, Labor Temple headquarters, Labor Temple.  
Letter Carriers—Meet 1st Saturday, Los Angeles Hall, Native Sons' Building.  
Machinists No. 68—Meet Wednesdays, Labor Temple.  
Mailers—Meet 3rd Sunday, Labor Temple.  
Marine Gasoline Engineers No. 471—Meet Thursdays, 10 Embarcadero.  
Metal Polishers—Meet 1st and 3rd Mondays, Labor Temple.  
Milk Wagon Drivers—Meet Wednesdays, Labor Temple.  
Molders No. 164—Meet Tuesdays, Labor Temple.  
Molders' Auxiliary—Meets 2nd and 4th Fridays, Labor Temple.  
Moving Picture Operators, Local No. 162—Meet 2nd and 4th Thursdays, 10 a. m., 109 Jones.  
Musicians—Headquarters, 68 Haight.  
Office Employees—Meet 2nd and 4th Wednesdays, Labor Temple.  
Painters No. 19—Meet Mondays, Building Trades Temple.  
Pastemakers No. 10567—Meet Last Saturday at 442 Broadway.  
Pattern Makers—Meet 2nd and 4th Friday nights, Labor Temple.  
Photo Engravers No. 8—Meet 1st Monday, Labor Temple.  
Photographic Workers—Druids' Hall, 44 Page.  
Picture Frame Workers—Meet 1st and 3rd Fridays, Labor Temple.  
Pile Drivers, Bridge and Structural Iron Workers—Meet Thursdays; headquarters, 457 Bryant.  
Plasterers No. 66—Meet Mondays, Building Trades Temple.  
Plumbers—Meet Fridays, Building Trades Temple.  
Postoffice Clerks—Meet 4th Thursdays, Knights of Columbus Hall.  
Printing Pressmen and Assistants No. 24—Meet 2nd Mondays, Labor Temple.  
Professional Embalmers—3300 16th St.  
Railroad Boilermakers—Meet 2nd and 4th Fridays, Labor Temple.  
Railroad Machinists—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple.  
Railroad Steamfitters—Meet 3d Thursday, Labor Temple.  
Retail Clerks No. 432—Meet 1st and 3rd Thursdays, 8 p. m., 150 Golden Gate Ave.  
Retail Delivery Drivers—Meet 2nd and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple.  
Retail Shoe Clerks No. 410—Meet Tuesdays, 8 p. m., 273 Golden Gate Ave.  
Riggers and Stevedores—Meet Mondays, 113 Steuart.  
Sailors' Union of the Pacific—Meet Mondays, Maritime Hall Building, 59 Clay.  
Sail Makers—Meet 1st Thursday at Labor Temple.

Sausage Makers—Meet 2nd and 4th Monday.  
Sheet Metal Workers No. 95—Meet 2nd Thursdays, 224 Guerrero.  
Sheet Metal Workers No. 104—Meet Fridays, 234 Guerrero.  
Shipyard Laborers—Meet 1st and 3d Fridays, Labor Temple.  
Sign and Pictorial Painters No. 510—Meet Fridays, Building Trades Temple.  
Shoe Repairers—Meet 3rd Thursdays, Labor Temple.  
Stable and Garage Employees—Meet 2nd and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple.  
Stationary Firemen—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, Labor Temple.  
Steam Engineers No. 64—Meet Tuesdays, Building Trades Temple.  
Steam Shovel and Dredgemen No. 29—268 Market.  
Steam Fitters No. 590—Meet 1st and 3rd Wednesdays, Labor Temple.  
Stereotypers and Electrotypers—Meet 2nd Sunday, Labor Temple.  
Street Railway Employees, Div. 518—Meet 2nd and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple.  
Tailors No. 80—Meet 2nd and 4th Mondays, Labor Temple.  
Teamsters No. 85—Meet Thursdays, 536 Bryant.  
Teamsters No. 216—Meet Saturdays, Building Trades Temple.  
Theatrical Employees—Meet 1st and 3rd Tuesdays, 11 a. m., 68 Haight.  
Tobacco Workers—Meet 3rd Fridays, Building Trades Temple. Miss M. Kerrigan, Secretary, 290 Fremont.  
Trackmen No. 687—Meet 2nd Tuesdays, Labor Temple.  
Typographical No. 21—Meets 3rd Sunday, Labor Temple; headquarters, 701 Underwood Bldg.  
United Glass Workers—Meet Wednesdays, Building Trades Temple.  
United Laborers—Meet Tuesdays, Building Trades Temple.  
United Leather Workers (Tanners)—Meet 1st and 3rd Wed., Mangles Hall, 24th and Folsom.  
United Trunk, Bag and Suitcase Workers—Tiv. Hall, Albion Avenue.  
Upholsterers—Meet Tuesdays, Labor Temple.  
Walters No. 30—Meet every Wednesday, 8 p. m., 1256 Market St.  
Water Workers—Meet 1st Monday, Labor Temple.  
Waitresses—Meet Wednesdays, 1075 Mission.  
Warehouse and Cereal Workers—Meet Tuesdays, 457 Bryant.  
Watchmen—Meet 3rd Thursday, 8 p. m., Labor Temple, Emmet Counihan, 1610 Folsom.  
Web Pressmen—Meet 4th Sunday, Labor Temple.



# LABOR CLARION

The Official Journal of the San Francisco Labor Council

VOL. XXI

SAN FRANCISCO, FRIDAY, JUNE 16, 1922

No. 20

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## A. F. of L. Report

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The record of organized labor's accomplishment in "a year of unusual strife and unusual industrial depression" was laid before the forty-second annual convention of the American Federation of Labor Monday in the report of the Federation's Executive Council.

The report declared that American labor during the year not only suffered from the widespread unemployment that existed but was beset "by opponents more active and determined than ever."

In addition to criticism on the conduct of employers in numerous cases, the report added explicit and pointed criticism of Congress and of some state legislative bodies, declaring such branches of the government to be "succumbing to a wave of reaction. Fault was found with the action of some courts, including the Supreme Court, and with President Harding's "disposal to regulate trade unions."

"It is with no little satisfaction in view of these circumstances," the report on the other hand declared, "that we lay before the convention a report of achievement, a report of solidarity, a report of constructive planning, and a report that only inadequately portrays the militant spirit with which our movement has come through the years."

"The audacity of those who have made it their business to attack in every possible manner the organizations of the workers has had no parallel."

"What our movement has been compelled to meet has been a condition in which the predatory powers have sought to break down all resistance in every quarter and to enrich themselves at the expense of the whole people."

"We have recorded only these violations of agreement by employers, which are of national importance. We know of no similar period of time in which there have been so many wanton violations of contract on the part of great organizations of employers."

"We submit that it is a vital essential that there be a return of good faith in industry, a return to standards of morality, which will restore the pledges of men to their true and proper meaning. If it is impossible to have faith in pledges given, then the entire industrial structure will be undermined."

Turning next to courts, the Executive Council protested "most emphatically against such unjust and inhumane decisions" as that of the Supreme Court voiding the act intended to abolish child labor in the United States. Congress "by this decision, must keep its hands off when the health and life and well being of the nation's children are concerned," the report asserted, adding that the "Supreme Court of today is far more legalistic and less humane in its attitude and temperament than was the Supreme Court of 1918."

"The year is marked particularly with an increasing hostility of the judiciary toward the effort of wage-earners to prevent deterioration of their standards of life and labor," the report continued, "and we recommend that an appeal be made to that higher court of public judgment, and that the public conscience be aroused to the great and grave menace which confronts the perpetuity of the constitutional rights and liberties of all our people and as originally conceived by the founders of our republic."

Possibility of "relief from the constitutional use of the writs of injunction" by legislative action lay in the political field, the report said.

"Congress has proved that only those who are well-to-do or control great interests can induce it to listen."

"These facts are slowly penetrating the minds of the people. They are beginning to realize the change they thought they wanted has been an injury instead of benefit. Unless there is a change in the personnel (of the House and Senate) people can prepare themselves for still greater and greater suffering and injustice."

"The idea seems to prevail that the outcome of the 1920 elections means that every liberty of the people can be taken away provided some individual or group of individuals representing the privileged few desire it for their benefit," the report continued. "The statement is often made that if the United States capitol could be transported to the England of the fifteenth century, half the members of Congress would be 'to the manner born.'"

State legislative bodies also were taken to task in some cases, chiefly in the matter of compulsory arbitration laws. The Kansas industrial court was described as "an utter failure," and similar legislation in Colorado was said to be "equally as absurd and fully as dangerous."

President Harding was accused of having contemplated "a system of industrial laws similar to those which prevail in Kansas" when in his message to Congress last December he declared that "in the case of labor organizations we might well apply similar and equally well-defined principles of regulation and supervision (as he had just previously recommended for corporations) in order to conserve the public's interests as affected by their operations."

"It is hardly believed possible that the President implied that the present administration intends to further a policy which will deny America's workers the right to cease working collectively and to determine for themselves the conditions under which they will give service. Yet the language used leaves little room for a different conclusion."

"Chambers of Commerce throughout the country, with certain notable exceptions, have lent themselves to this disruptive propaganda," the report stated. "The United States Chamber of Commerce is about to begin construction of a \$3,000,000 headquarters building in Washington on the 'open shop' basis. The experiment to be tried in the capital of the nation on so pretentious a scale will undoubtedly be watched with great interest by the workers and employers alike."

"There is but one answer to the entire campaign of employers for the disruption and destruction of the labor movement, and that is continued organization, eternal vigilance and the highest degree of solidarity."

Not many people know that Chesterfield at one time enjoyed connubial bliss. He could tell you many adventures attending married life if he were so minded, but as he is pretty close mouthed on this subject we will repeat one the "Dredgermen's Porpoise" tells on him:

Chester and two of his cronies were discussing politics in front of the grocery store when lightning knocked the three of them over, and two of them were knocked senseless; Chester scrambled to his feet, exclaiming, "Leggo! I'm coming right home."

### SUPPRESSED NEWS!

No. 6.

Editor's Note: Because of the suppression of vital news, the International Labor News is going to furnish each week for eight weeks one story suppressed by the daily press. This newspaper will publish one of these suppressed stories on its first page each week in an effort to compel attention to vital information hitherto kept from the people. Readers are urged to clip these stories and pass them on to others.

#### STANDARD OIL COUP.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 15.—Daily newspapers do not and dare not print all the facts in the Teapot Dome case, the oil contract which Secretaries Fall and Denby secretly arranged with F. H. Sinclair for cleaning out the great oil supply reserved to the U. S. Government by the Roosevelt policy. The following facts have so far been ignored:

1. A complete monopoly on the business of supplying fuel oil to the U. S. Navy has been established by the Standard Oil.

2. A secret contract exists which specifies the price which Standard Oil will exact from the government for future supplies of fuel oil.

3. Standard Oil is now able to control the price of oil and independent companies will not be in a position to compete.

The secret contract referred to is mentioned in the Teapot Dome contract of April 7, publication of which was forced by the action of Senators La Follette and Kendrick, and which reads:

"The maker hereof will deliver for the use of the United States Navy fuel oil of the specifications and under the terms and upon the exchange basis fixed in the certain contract dated..... day of March, 1922, between the United States Government and the maker hereof."

There has been no statement made explaining what this contract is, nor with whom made.

Since the leasing law permitting working of government oil lands on a royalty basis was passed the big job of Standard Oil has been to keep U. S. royalty oil from coming into the open market where independent capital or refineries may bid for it.

It holds in proper political alignment powerful individuals and corporations.

It creates "rotten boroughs"—by centralizing industry in a few hands—which can be depended upon to deliver votes where needed.

It permits and invites capitalization of the profits incident to monopoly, and thus diverts the earnings of the industry to payment of dividends on excessive capitalization and reduces the proportion going to labor.

Now where does the U. S. Government get off? Nowhere! Apparently the contract is legal. The country's conservation policy could be restored only by immediate Congressional action. This will be delayed. The administration cannot afford to have the deal receive public condemnation. Nor can it afford to suppress it. The deal will be investigated to death. The cat will be killed with butter. "Truckloads" of data will come from the office of the Secretary of the Interior to the Senate Committee. The conservation policy will be replaced by a conversation policy. Meantime Standard Oil will have buried its octopus feelers into the ground far enough and long enough to suck out the petroleum.



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**COMPANY UNIONS vs. REAL UNIONS.**

About three years ago the Western Union Telegraph Company organized what it was pleased to call "The Association of Western Union Employees."

The Western Union organized this company union only for the purpose of antagonizing and defeating the Commercial Telegraphers Union of America, a bona fide trade union.

Western Union operators are now reaping the fruits of Western Union tactics. Wages have been cut to the 1914 level. Morse operators, formerly getting \$157 now get \$110. Printer operators are getting as low as \$12 and \$13 per week.

While real trade unions everywhere were resisting wage reductions the Association of Western Union Employees a year ago accepted their reduction, doubtless as an act of kindness to the company which owned it.

Last year the Western Union Telegraph Company, which organized and owns the Association of Western Union Employees, made a profit of \$10,196,029 and had left after payment of dividends and of all "charges" a surplus of \$2,378,482.

That is how a company union operates. Commercial telegraphers are beginning to understand this and are getting into the Commercial Telegraphers Union of America, where they belong.

The International Typographical Union had an agreement with employing printers that a 44-hour week should go into effect April 1, 1922. The employing printers violated their agreement. The Typographical Union suspended work in every print shop that refused to abide by the 44-hour week agreement. Approximately 800 local unions originally joined the suspension. Victory all down the line has put the members of about 600 of these local unions back at work.

Less than 8000 of the 75,000 members originally receiving strike benefits remain on the strike pay roll. The number is being reduced rapidly.

With a 10 per cent assessment on all members at work, the International Typographical Union faced the fight with a fund of \$8,000,000 to its credit. It had an agreement with the employers, and it meant to see that that agreement was kept.

The result is that practically the whole printing industry now operates on the basis of a 44-hour week.

That is how a real trade union operates.

**NEED SPIRIT, NOT FORMS.**

Trade union officials are urging organized labor to study the report on A. F. of L. organization by the recent Pennsylvania Federation of Labor Convention.

The report states that within the A. F. of L. is sufficient machinery for the workers to remedy their ills if they will but take an interest in their organizations and use this machinery.

"Looking into the present situation as regards to our membership," it is stated, "we find that the apparent apathy on the part of the membership toward organization is not so much the fault of the present organizations or form of or-

ganization as it is of individual members who neglect to take part in the affairs of their respective organizations.

"An observation of the various labor organizations, composing the A. F. of L., shows that a number of these organizations have become industrial in their make-up, others have extended their scope or jurisdiction, and these in turn have become affiliated in building trades councils and departments, local system, division and railway employees department on the railroads, sub-district, district, tri-district and mining department in the mining industry, allied printing trades, label trades, metal trades and almost every industry is organized into better federations each year."

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SAN FRANCISCO



**RAT-KILLING "MILK" OUTLAWED.**

By a vote of 250 to 40 the House declared in favor of debarring "filled milk" from interstate and foreign commerce. It was shown that this milk is evaporated, has had the cream removed, and with 6 to 8 per cent of cocoanut or other vegetable oil substituted.

Prof. McCollum, of Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, told the House Committee on Agriculture that a rat fed on this milk for 60 days would die.

"I guarantee," he said, "that any infant that is fed for a few weeks on one of these milk substitutes will develop rickets as severe as you see it here." (Exhibiting photograph.)

The milk is advertised as "fresh, pure, cow's milk with butter fats extracted and refined cocoanut fats added." It has a rich, creamy appearance, and tastes as good as the finest milk, but has not the slightest nutritive value and has no life substance whatever.

Congressmen declared that this "filled" milk business is one of the greatest frauds now being perpetrated upon the public in the matter of food products. As all the cream is extracted there is nothing left but the poorest skim milk that it is possible to produce.

This product is sold for several cents cheaper than the usual condensed milk and finds a ready market among the poorer classes who are led to believe that "it is just as good" as the genuine article.

Farmers and dairy interests have joined in the fight against the deception.

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**FACTS ABOUT STEEL.**

The United States Steel Corporation is one of the most important factors in American industrial life.

Wall Street speculation is based largely upon what happens in the steel industry.

The United States Steel Corporation is the largest coal mine owner in the United States and is a powerful factor in the effort of mine owners to impose injustice upon the mine workers.

It is therefore well to know some of the important facts about the United States Steel Corporation.

It has \$500,000,000 of undivided profits in its reserve fund. This money may be used for any purpose.

It has about 100,000 stockholders, less than two per cent of whom hold a majority of the stock.

Thirteen directors actually control the Corporation.

The total assets of the Corporation are listed at \$2,430,000,000.

It owns 145 steel works, about 800,000 acres of coal and coke properties, 993,000,000 of railway, 1,470 locomotives and 112 steamships.

Directors of the United States Steel Corporation are also directors in other corporations having a combined capitalization of from \$20,000,000,000 to \$30,000,000,000.

The total net income of the United States Steel Corporation in the last 18 years amounts to \$2,243,000,000, which is just a little less than enough to pay for its entire volume of listed assets.

The United States Steel Corporation has issued common stock to the amount of something over \$500,000,000, all of which, when issued, was "water," and on this water it has paid continuous dividends amounting to more than \$480,000,000 in 19 years.

Though the dividend rate has been five per cent on common stock and bonds and seven per cent on preferred stock, the actual rate of return on common and preferred stock has been about thirteen and one-half per cent.

These figures answer adequately any question the United States Steel Corporation may ask as to how it could abolish the twelve-hour day.

In spite of watered stock the United States Steel Corporation could do the things it ought to do by abandoning the idea of inordinate returns on stock and by abandoning the practice of piling up huge reserves the main purpose of which is to combat the resentment and dissatisfaction of the twelve-hour workers.

NOTE—Most of the statistical information here used is from an article by Kirby Page in the Atlantic Monthly.

Unemployment in the metal industry throughout California was materially reduced during May by the resumption of foundry work, according to the monthly report of J. A. Kelly, San Francisco, district director for the employment service of the United States Department of Labor. Activity in vegetable canning is giving additional employment to women, but in foodstuffs, textiles and leather there has been a slight decrease in the number of employed.

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# Labor Clarion

Published Weekly by the S. F. Labor Council



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JAMES W. MULLEN.....Editor  
Telephone Market 56  
Office, S. F. Labor Temple, 2940 Sixteenth Street  
MEMBER OF  
UNITED LABOR PRESS OF CALIFORNIA

FRIDAY, JUNE 16, 1922.

The reason the workers fail to accomplish the results they desire in the way of wages and working conditions is not that they are lacking in intelligence, but rather because they do not put their intelligence to practical uses in their own interest. They need to take a leaf from the book of employers in this regard.

The District Board of the San Francisco Federation of Women's Clubs last Monday went on record in favor of a Constitutional Amendment that will enable Congress to prohibit child labor. It is expected that similar action will be taken by other organizations of women throughout the State of California and that legislators will be pledged to support such a measure.

At the May meeting of the Board of Directors of the California Farm Bureau Federation, State Director E. E. Campbell, of Orange County, made this observation concerning labor: "We recognize that labor is our best customer and, therefore, are interested in seeing him satisfied and receiving a fair wage." The farmer is becoming awake, and it would be a good thing if the retail merchant should appreciate that the same condition of affairs has a great influence upon his success or failure. Poor paid labor is not a valuable asset to anyone except the individual who gets the work done for less than it is worth. All other elements of society suffer as a direct consequence of poorly paid labor. There can be no evading the logic of the situation. It is an unalterable truth.

When a corporation is sued and damages recovered the stockholders are only responsible for the percentage of stock they hold in the concern and the property of the individual stockholder outside of that is perfectly safe from attack. If the Supreme Court decision is to stand the trade union member will not be so fortunate. If damages are awarded against the union the possessions of the individual member can be taken without regard for any limitation whatever in adjusting the damage award. Is this what so many are pleased to call equal legal responsibility? Is it a square deal to the worker? We most emphatically deny that it is a fair or reasonable condition of affairs, and we know that those who have been strenuously urging legal responsibility for labor unions thoroughly understood that they were sponsoring just such an unfair proposition and were laughing up their sleeves at the stupidity of those who took them at their face value.

## Confidence or Confusion

For nearly two years privilege has waged a vicious and determined assault upon the organized workers of America. During the greater part of that time nearly all the forces of government, in a national sense, have been aligned, openly or surreptitiously, with the enemies of the organized toilers. As a consequence of this condition of affairs there has been a tendency on the part of some of the workers to become crestfallen, dejected and discouraged, to entertain the notion that there is little to be hoped for in a struggle of such tremendous proportions and against such apparently overwhelming odds. This is a totally unwarranted position to assume, and one likely to make the transition from the defensive to the offensive slower and more difficult. Such a change must come because no victory can be won by forever remaining on the defensive. While, of course, there are times when it is wise to confine our activities to repulsing the attacks of the enemy, yet to triumph, we must ultimately carry the fight to him and force him to devote his energies to purely defensive operations.

That time has about arrived, and our first step in the change from the defensive to the offensive should be of a political character. There is to be an election of nation-wide scope this fall. Preceding the general election there is to be a primary at which candidates for office are to be nominated, and upon the character of candidates nominated at the primary election much depends, because if the wrong kind succeeds in winning the nominations our opportunity of getting the right kind at the general election will to that extent be reduced. This is, therefore, the time for vigilance. Every trade unionist, without regard for party lines, should be qualified to vote by registering and should vote for friends of labor in order to ward off the possibility of our enemies remaining in the saddle for two years more. No attention should be paid to the party brand the candidate wears, whether it be Republican, Democrat, Socialist or something else. The points of consideration should be whether he has a chance to be elected and whether he stands four-square with labor. This sort of policy must be adopted if the privileged and reactionary are to be unhorsed. Labor has the strength, if it has the discipline, to swing the scale to the right side. If it fails to do so it will be because the individuals who make up the movement are not willing to set aside their partisan prejudices in order to achieve the desirable political and economic ends for which the movement stands. The American Federation of Labor has mapped out a program of action that has been demonstrated to be effective. It is a plan that takes no political party into consideration, that champions the cause of no individual, that has no ax to grind other than the ax of the toiling millions, organized or unorganized.

The privileged classes have been in power for some time, are well organized and determined to press their advantage. They have vast sums of money at their command and are prepared to use it to maintain their grip upon the situation, well knowing that any relaxation on their part may lead to the people again assuming control over affairs. Under such circumstances the duty of every voter who has at heart the interests of the great mass of the people is plain. In the hands of labor is the power to preserve orderly, democratic government in this country, or, on the other hand, to divide itself up into impotent groups that will allow the enemies of the people to triumph again and continue their oppression for two years more.

Each individual citizen should assume his full measure of responsibility in the crisis that confronts the Nation, because it is an indisputable fact that the result is determined by individual opinion. The notion that one in millions makes no difference is a wrong one, yet it is the very notion that privilege seekers depend upon to carry the day. They know that if the people really take a serious interest in affairs the representatives of greed and selfishness have no chance whatever.

The time calls for thought and intelligent action. The individual who is not registered has been negligent in thought and is, therefore, debarred from intelligent action. Register at once and correct the difficulty that stands between you and duty.



## FLUCTUATING SENTIMENTS

If you want this country controlled by the financial, commercial and industrial nabobs who would crush the balance of society under their greedy heels the surest way to bring about that condition of affairs is to allow them to select the candidates for public office and vote their selections into power. If you believe that this country should be governed by the people who make up its citizenship, then register, select suitable candidates and cast your ballot for them. There is no other way to continue the Government of the United States as a "government of the people by the people and for the people." Just now the drift is toward autocracy and unless the common people become more alive to their interests that drift is going to continue until something approaching disaster overtakes us.

In December of last year a number of stenographers who had been the victims of fee-collecting employment agencies got together and decided that something should be done to prevent these institutions from exploiting the girl in search of employment. They took the matter to the Vigilant Committee with a plea that the question be taken up and dealt with in a systematic and effective manner. That organization called a conference to which were invited about fifty other organizations interested in one way or another in matters of the kind. Among the organizations asked to send delegates to the conference were the California State Federation of Labor and the San Francisco Labor Council. Because these organizations were solicited to participate the employment agency representatives are endeavoring to create prejudice in their own favor by circulating among employers and enemies of labor propaganda to the effect that the whole thing is an attempt on the part of the organized workers to gain control over the filling of jobs, and strange as it may seem, they are gaining recruits to their side by this absurd plan. The fee-collecting employment agencies do not bother the organized workers very much, because if an employer needs a compositor he very naturally sends to the Typographical Union for one, so that he can be sure when the man comes that he is getting a compositor and not a stevedore. In other lines the same rule holds good. The employment agencies are in no position to be a very great menace to the labor movement and the utter absurdity of their propaganda should be clear to the most casual observer. The people who will be protected by more rigid regulation of employment agencies will be the unorganized and unprotected working women of the State, and no one should be deceived by the tactics of the agencies. These agencies, particularly those furnishing commercial and clerical help to employers, are fighting to have continued the system whereby they are enable to collect from 10 to 35, and sometimes 50 per cent of the first month's pay from women in search of employment. Any interference with that privilege on the part of the State government necessarily means a reduction in their profits, and, like all other profiteers, they do not propose, if they can help it, to allow anything of the kind to take place. It is a certainty, however, that if the great mass of the people were aware of the conditions that prevail they would soon see to it that the lawmakers of the State passed effective remedial legislation. Now that the girls have got a movement under way to bring about reform it is to be hoped that they will continue their agitation until their efforts are crowned with success, and they can rest assured they will have the full support of the labor movement in their campaign for justice.

## WIT AT RANDOM

Proud Mother—Oh, George, the little darling is beginning to recite "Baa, baa black sheep have you any wool."

Proud Papa—Does he really say all that?

Mother—Well, not quite all yet, but he's got as far as "Baa baa."

Little Polly had just had her first dip in the sea. "How did you like it, dearie?" asked her sister as she fastened the five-year-old's frock.

Polly glared at the sparkling sea with much annoyance.

"I didn't like it at all," she replied. "I sat on a wave and went through!"

The beggar wore his most pathetic expression and wept a crocodile tear.

"Please, sir, won't you give me a loaf of bread for my wife and family?"

The kind man patted him on the shoulder.

"No, no, my poor fellow," he said, sympathetically, "I would not deprive you of your wife and family for anything."

"Sister Henderson," said Deacon Hyphers severely, "you should avoid even the appearance of evil."

"Why, Deacon, what do you mean?" asked Sister Henderson.

"I observed that on your sideboard you have several cut-glass decanters and that each of them is half filled with what appears to be ardent spirits."

"Well, now, Deacon, it isn't anything of the kind. The bottles look so pretty on the sideboard that I just filled them halfway with some floor stain and furniture polish, just for appearance."

"That's why I'm cautioning you, sister," replied the Deacon. "Feeling a trifle faint, I helped myself to a dose from the big bottle in the middle."

Pupil (to teacher)—I am indebted to you for all that I know.

Teacher—Don't mention it; it's a mere trifle.—*Warwick Life.*

The Orator—Work, my friends, is the lot of man! Man was sent into this world to earn his living by the sweat of his brow. You didn't find Adam walking about the Garden of Eden with his hands in his pockets!—*The Passing Show (London).*

Two men were waiting for a train and one said: "I will ask you a question, and if I cannot answer my own question, I will buy the tickets. Then you ask a question, and if you cannot answer your own, you buy the tickets." The other agreed to this. "Well," the first man said, "you see those rabbit-holes? How do they dig those holes without leaving any dirt around them?" The other confessed: "I don't know. That's your question, so answer it yourself." The first man winked and replied: "They begin at the bottom and dig up!" "But," said the second man, "how do they get at the bottom to begin?" "That's your question," was the first man's rejoinder. "Answer it yourself." The other man bought the tickets.—*Boston Post.*

"I notice you frequently carry a medal on your chest."

"I got that medal for running."

"Whom did you beat?"

"The owner and six policemen."

Little Willie, taking a long walk with his Dad one day, saw a sign, "Painless Dentist."

Said Willie, "Dad, what is a painless dentist?"

"A painless dentist, my son, is a liar."

## MISCELLANEOUS

## A SONG OF TOMORROW.

Is the past dead and gone? Then forget it!

Why scourge your soul sick with remorse?

If defeat was your lot, and you met it,

Fight on, while you've courage and force.

Let no vain regrets ever haunt you.

Save your tears till you've good cause to weep.

If the past comes to harry and taunt you,

Forget it, and dig its grave deep!

The man who lives in the twilight haze

Of memories bitter or strange or dear,

May find content in remembered days,

But he has no place in the Now and Here.

Shake off the old as you might a thong;

Take up the task of the untried new.

The space of a lifetime is none too long,

And the work of the world is yours to do.

Let the past in its dreams be forgotten;

They served well enough for their day;

But now they are threadbare and rotten,

So scrap them and cast them away.

What's done cannot hamper and bind you;

Old worlds must be traded for new.

Leave yesterday's worries behind you,

For tomorrow is waiting for you!

—Ted Olson, in *Forbes Magazine.*

## ORPHEUM.

Harry Carroll, one of America's youngest and most successful song composers, is coming to the Orpheum Theatre next week with a snappy song and dance revue, called "Varieties of 1922," in which he is assisted by the Love Sisters, Tom Dingle, Patsy Delaney and "Six Slick Chicks." The Orpheum Circuit literally "grabbed" this act as soon as it had finished its engagement at the Palace Theatre, New York, and in doing so is furnishing its patrons with the latest hit in the revue line.

A violin in the proper hands possesses a sense of humor. Of course, the instrument must be in the hands of a comedian as well as a musician, and this is just what Jack Denny is. He plays a little, gags a great deal and keeps his audience thoroughly amused. Just to show that he is really a musician he plays one operatic number.

Ed Flanagan has deserted pictures and is back in vaudeville with Alex Morrison, who is best known as a golf expert. They call their act "A Lesson in Golf." Real golf balls are used and shots are made in full view of the audience. Mr. Morrison is the instructor and Mr. Flanagan the pupil.

"The Show-Off" is said to be the best comedy sketch that has hit vaudeville this season. It mirrors an irresistibly funny character, a \$32 a week clerk who is married and forced by circumstances to accept an apartment offered to him by his wife's mother. But despite all this, he is one of those fellows who talk big and show off for company. This part is admirably played by Fred Sumner.

Grace Nelson is an American-made prima donna. She studied in America and has never sung outside of America, but experts in music claim that her voice has been perfectly developed and that there are few sopranos of her equal to be found anywhere.

Savo is the artilleryman who sets off his particular salvo and the charge is screams. To state the case simply, Jimmy Salvo, assisted by Joan Franza, presents "A Salvo of Screams."

Niobe is an exceedingly attractive young woman who, in her huge glass aquarium, disports herself with a flock of fish, doing many things under water which they can't even attempt.

The Gladenbacks in "White, Black and White" will create a sensation, it is true. Never has an act of so many thrills played the Orpheum Circuit.



**FEDERATION OF TEACHERS.**

Labor Temple, Sixteenth Street,  
San Francisco, June 10, 1922.

To the Honorable State Board of Education:

At a regular meeting of the members of San Francisco Federation of Teachers No. 61 it was unanimously voted that the following request be forwarded to your honorable body. It is hoped that the request will be granted, and you may rest assured that your favorable action in this matter will be deeply appreciated:

"The San Francisco Federation of Teachers supports the regulations in force and the efforts being made to establish and maintain standards of certification in California fully in keeping with the high efficiency of the public school system of the state. At the present time this appeal is addressed to the State Board of Education to adopt such rules as will offer full opportunity for teachers to avail themselves of the new types of certification established by law, namely, regarding the junior high schools, and grant such extension of time as may enable these teachers now making such preparation in accordance with the State Board rules to complete their work in an orderly manner. Inasmuch as the time set for a marked change in regulations, December, 1922, is too short, particularly for teachers working in regions somewhat remote from teacher training centers, and for others in congested districts.

"It is, therefore, urged by the San Francisco Federation of Teachers that the State Board of Education postpone the time set for the operation of the former rule to October, 1923, or at any rate to the close of the Summer School Session of 1923."

Respectfully submitted,

EVA BUSCH,

Secretary.

**DEATHS.**

The following members of San Francisco unions died during the past week: Edward Durham of the roofers, William P. Huckens of the Marine engineers, Leo Goetz of the cigarmakers, Jack Prince of the musicians.

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**ACCIDENT COMPENSATION IN CONGRESS**

That the final enactment by Congress on Friday, May 26, of the longshoremen's and ship repairmen's bill restoring to them the protection of state accident compensation laws—of which they have been twice deprived by closely divided opinions of the U. S. Supreme Court—may be regarded as one of the outstanding legislative advances of the year, is the conclusion of the American Association for Labor Legislation which drafted the new law in co-operation with some twenty trade unions vitally affected. In a statement issued on Saturday following the bill's passage it is pointed out that this much-needed new law was secured as a result of months of organization and co-operation. An appeal is now made for another united drive upon the House of Representatives for the passage of the Fitzgerald accident compensation bill for private employees in the District of Columbia, which it is said is a second measure drafted by the Association for Labor Legislation and heartily indorsed by the Federation of Labor and approved by numerous officials administering state workmen's compensation laws.

"While compensation legislation has spread from state to state and Congress has adopted the principle for the government's own employees—one hundred thousand men and women in private employments, right under the nose of Congress," runs the statement, "have been totally neglected!"

The House Committee, it is pointed out, "after ten months of public hearings and committee consideration, reported the Fitzgerald bill with the recommendation that it be passed. That was on February 8—nearly four months ago." Since then no action has been taken, and the House is said to be planning three-day recesses preparatory to adjournment. The only opposition appears to come from certain selfish commercial insurance agents who, it is declared, still put their personal profits above the welfare of the wage earners for whom compensation laws are supposedly enacted.

It is urged that all friends of adequate compensation for injured workers should write immediately to their Congressmen and to the majority leader, Hon. Frank W. Mondell, and the committee chairman, Hon. Benjamin K. Focht, urging them to bring the Fitzgerald accident compensation bill to a vote.



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## TYPOGRAPHICAL TOPICS

### TYPOGRAPHICAL TOPICS.

The next meeting of Typographical Union No. 21 will be held Sunday, June 18, in Convention Hall, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp streets, when officers elected last month to serve the union the ensuing year will be installed. The meeting will convene promptly at 1 o'clock p. m. A cordial invitation is extended to delegates and visitors to the Shriners' conclave who may be affiliated with the International Typographical Union to attend the meeting.

Argument in the arbitration proceedings between local Newspaper Publishers' Association and Stereotypers and Electrotypers' Union No. 29 has closed and the case is now in the hands of the board, which is composed of Messrs. Fred Wilson and D. McElhanon, representing the union, and Messrs. W. H. B. Fowler and J. L. Adler, business managers, respectively, of the Chronicle and the Call-Post, who represent the publishers' association. Judge M. T. Dooling of the Federal District Court has been selected as the arbitrator, and the sessions of the board are being held in his courtroom. The union retained the Labor Bureau, Inc., to prepare its case, and Mr. Henry P. Melnikow of the Bureau aided Mr. Fred Ewald, the union's counsel, in its presentation. The union explained its demand for working conditions as based on the exceptional hardships under which its members are compelled to labor. The contract which the union has with the publishers stipulates that a decision must be arrived at within fifteen days after the conclusion of the presentation of the case. The decision is expected momentarily.

W. I. Laughlin has disposed of his interests in the Reeves Publishing Company to Malcolm J.

Reeves, which leaves the latter gentleman the sole proprietor of one of the best equipped houses for producing quality printing in San Francisco.

William M. Campbell, who has been absent from San Francisco for some time, came up from Tulare last Monday. He gave up a position on the Tulare Advance which he had held for three years. Previous to going to Tulare "Bill" put in a decade of time on the mills in the Belcher & Phillips office. He brought with him plenty of evidence that country life had done him no harm.

According to reports from a San Francisco hospital, Edward Brush is recovering nicely from a surgical operation which he underwent last Tuesday. Mr. Brush is identified with the book and job branch of the printing craft.

Harry Jackson, secretary of Sacramento Union No. 46, and William Carson, one of the state printery's composing room force, were San Francisco visitors during Shrine week.

S. M. Hughes, veteran member of the union, well-known in the book and job division of the trade, is a patient at St. Francis Hospital, where he was taken last Sunday, a victim of a paralytic stroke.

E. B. Bodine, job printer and member of No. 21 about six months, hopped aboard one of the Oceanic Steamship Company's water wagons today and headed toward Honolulu, where he has sentenced himself to do a little time on the Star-Bulletin.

James L. Crosby, proprietor of the Crosby Typesetting Company of Fort Worth, Tex., paid the officers of the union a fraternal visit early this week. He accompanied Moslah Temple's delegation to the Shriners' gathering. He is one of that temple's handsmen, playing an Eb alto. Other Texans who came to participate in the Shrine festivities were W. K. Thomas and Milo Clark of Hella Temple, Dallas. Both are members of Dallas Typographical Union No. 173. Mr. Thomas was a delegate from Dallas to the 1911 (San Francisco) convention of the International and this is his first visit since that year.

Wiley K. Galloway's name is included in the long list of graduates from the Northwestern University School of Law, which announces its sixty-fourth annual commencement exercises will be held Monday, June 19th, in Patten gymnasium, Evanston, Ill. The "Judge" has just completed a two-year post-graduate course, and is receiving the warmest congratulations of his friends.

Frank Tupper drew his traveler yesterday and proceeded to his ranch near Raymond, Madera County, where he will rusticate a few weeks.

William Leslie, machinist in the News composing room, and Sam Ranzoni, Bulletin operator, are vacationing in Yosemite.

Envy no man who has little work to do. Be assured he is not really happy.—Forbes Magazine.

"I can't keep the visitors from coming up," said the office boy, dejectedly, to the president. "When I say you're out, they simply say they must see you."

"Well," said the president, "just tell them that's what they all say."

That afternoon there called at the office a young lady. The boy assured her it was impossible to see the president.

"But I am his wife," said the lady.

"Oh, that's what they all say," said the boy.—Selling Facts.

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## LABEL SECTION.

## Minutes of Meeting Held June 7, 1922.

Meeting called to order at 8:20 by President Brundage, with all officers present except G. J. Plato and Sam Lansing.

Minutes of previous meeting approved as read.

Credentials—Received from the Retail Clerks. Moved and seconded credentials be received and delegates seated.

Communications—From Mailers No. 18, inclosing check for \$2.50 for tickets and returning five tickets; received, noted and filed.

Reports of Unions—Grocery Clerks reported Piggly Wiggly stores still unfair; ask demand for Clerks' monthly button, changes every month, color for June is buff. Pressmen No. 24 reported they will receive same wages and Bindery Women will receive a \$1.00 a week increase, making \$22 a week. Waiters No. 30 reported United Service is all straightened out, except chief cook; business is good; local has placed headquarters at disposal of Disabled War Veterans during convention in city. Tailors—Peterson's at 2665 Mission and Bemis at 714 market are unfair. Cooks' Helpers No. 110—Still fighting White Lunch, Boos Bros., Sunset, Compton's, Clinton's and Chris' at Sixth and Market. Glass Blowers—Organizing the boys in the glass houses. Painters No. 19—Business is good; all members working. Glove Workers—Business is fair; ask demand for label when buying gloves. Hoisting Engineers—Business is good; all members working. Garment Workers—Overall factories are slack; ask a demand for label when buying overalls.

Agitation Committee—Reported have met and laid the whist game over till further notice. Committee granted Plumbers the use of the Bulletin Board on Mission street for agitation against American Plan during Shriner Week. Dance

Committee reported they have received \$189.75 for tickets up to date and disbursements were \$141.55. Moved and seconded Agitation Committee report be received; carried. Bulletin Committee still looking for new agitation for Bulletin Board. Label Agent reported he appeared before 31 locals, also saw the Atlas Cigar Box Co. in regard to Boxmakers, will be settled satisfactory to the Boxmakers. Eleven stores on Market street will display union made goods. Moved and seconded report of Label Agent be received; carried.

New Business—Moved and seconded the Secretary write Meister & Adou in regard their printing doesn't bear union label; carried. Grocery Clerks wish to thank Section for placing ad on the program. Trustees reported favorable on bills, same ordered paid.

Dues, \$48.00; Agent Fund, \$33.49; total, \$81.49.

Disbursements—From General Fund, \$51.30; from Agent Fund, \$90.00; total, \$141.30.

Being no further business to come before the Section we adjourned at 10:00 p. m. to meet again on June 21, 1922.

WM. HERBERT LANE, Secretary.

## UNITE CHILD LABOR FOES.

Representatives of a score of national organizations will meet on June 1 in the A. F. of L. building to join hands in a campaign to secure adoption of a constitutional amendment to stop child labor. The organizations include church, child welfare, women and educational.

President Gompers has issued the invitation on authority of the A. F. of L. executive council, which authorized him to have prepared a constitutional amendment and a model state law.

The conference will be the beginning of the A. F. of L. campaign to abolish child labor. Wednesday of the first week of the coming A. F.

of L. convention will be devoted to this question. On that day addresses will be delivered by a dozen leading opponents of child labor.

Ask your Grocer for

## SUPERBA BRAND

Mushroom Sauce

Italian Style Raviolis

Beans and Spaghetti

These will make a delicious Italian Dinner

3216 TWENTY-SECOND STREET

Phone Mission 4493

## Granat Bros.

'The Treasure House of the Mission.'

2248 Mission St.

Bet. 18th and 19th

Constantly employing 50 Jewelry Craftsmen  
Specializing in designing fine Jewelry, re-modeling Old jewelry and Watch Repairing

ONE HUNDRED PER CENT UNION

Eat

## FLEISCHMANN'S YEAST

For Health

THREE CAKES A DAY

Fresh Daily at Your Grocer's

SHOES



SHOES

FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN  
3047 16th St. Near Valencia



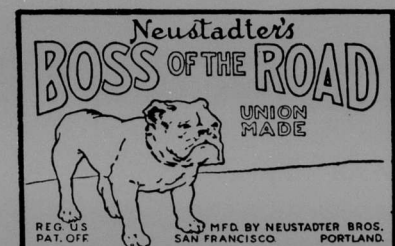
5 BUILDINGS - 20 FLOORS

GOOD FURNITURE

LOWEST PRICES

LIBERAL TERMS

FREE RENTAL BUREAU, FREE DELIVERY  
STOVES SET UP—FLOOR COVERINGS LAID

OVERALLS  
AND WORK CLOTHES

Give you your money's worth in value, in comfort and convenience. Ask your dealer for them. The genuine bear the label shown here.

NEUSTADTER BROTHERS  
San Francisco Portland

**Why Electric Ranges are better for frying**

ELECTRIC RANGES distribute the heat evenly beneath the frying pan. There is less possibility of burning the food because the heat is absolutely uniform. For the same reason, more tasty and wholesome food is a more certain result. Ask for further information along this line.

Pacific Gas and Electric Company

**P.G. and E.**

"PACIFIC SERVICE"

P-05:4-11 E



## SAN FRANCISCO LABOR COUNCIL

### Synopsis of Minutes of June 9, 1922.

Meeting called to order at 8:15 p. m. by President Hollis.

**Reading Minutes**—Minutes of previous meeting approved as printed in Labor Clarion.

**Credentials**—Bakers No. 24—Thomas P. Browne, Roland Stahl, vice Wm. Brylka, M. Dotterweich. Musicians No. 6—Harry Lowenstein, vice W. F. Koch. Stove Mounters No. 62—J. E. Thomas. Delegates seated.

**Communications**—Filed—From Garment Workers' Union No. 131, inclosing copy of resolutions adopted by Los Angeles Garment Workers No. 125, with reference to minimum wage controversy, stating local union will assist in resisting the reduction in the minimum wage. Report of Trustees for May, 1922.

Referred to Law and Legislative Committee—From S. F. Bureau of Governmental Research, relative to retirement system for city employees.

Referred to Organizing Committee—From

## WEINSTEIN CO.

1041 Market St., San Francisco, Cal.

### 50,000 Clear Havana Longfellows

They were made to sell 3 for 20, now 1/2 off  
50 in box, \$1.45—3 for 10c.

Van Dyck Victorias—50 in box, \$3.45; each 7c

San Felice—100 in box, \$5.90; each .6c

High Life Royals—50 in box, \$3.65...2 for 15c

El Sidel, Bon Ton and Chesterfields, 12 1/2 c size .9c

Fighting Bob Stubs—100 in box, \$1.98 12 for 25c

La Prueba Bonitas—100 in box, \$1.75 5 for 10c

Herbert Tareyton Cigarettes—20 in pkg. 20c

VELVET SMOKING, 2-oz. tins. 10c

Old English Curve Cut, 7-oz. tins. 49c

Lucky Strike—Sliced, 16-oz. tins, and roll cut, 14-oz. tins, each. 98c

Lucky Strike—Roll cut, 16c tins for. 10c

Union Leader Smoking—7-oz. tins. 27c

Edgeworth—Sliced and ready rubbed, 16-oz. tins \$1.15

## EVERYBODY'S DRUG STORE

Mission Near Twenty-second

Are authorized agents for

## EOPA

### Home Remedies

EOPA NUMBER 9

For gas on the stomach, waterbrash, indigestion .50c

EOPA NUMBER 75

For neuritis, nerve pain, sciatica, rheumatism, stiff joints \$1.00

EOPA NUMBER 60

For high blood pressure \$1.50

EOPA NUMBER "23"

For sleeplessness, insomnia and restlessness—no dope .50c and \$1.00

EOPA Worm Tablets .50c

EOPA Teething Tablets .50c

EOPATONE Tonic \$1.00

Eopa Home Remedies are pleasant to take, safe, effective and are proved prescriptions. Order from your druggist or direct from the makers.

BOERICKE & RUNYON CO.

140 Powell St. San Francisco  
Phone Douglas 53

Stove Mounters' Union No. 61, inclosing application for affiliation with Council.

**Request Complied With**—From Sailors' Union, inclosing copy of resolutions opposing ship subsidy bill and requesting Council adopt same and send copies to Congressmen and Senators. From Ferry Boatmen's Union, requesting Council send letters to our representatives in Washington, urging them to support H. R. Bill No. 9198, which is in interests of disabled veterans of Spanish-American War Veterans and Chinese Boxer trouble. From Federal Employees' Union, requesting Council to write U. S. Senators Johnson and Shortridge, urging support Sterling Reclassification Bill, and to use their best endeavors to have Senate Appropriations Committee report it earliest possible moment.

**Report of Executive Committee**—In matter of White Cash and Carry Store, 26th and Castro streets, same was referred to Secretary for purpose of assisting in adjusting differences. In matter of communication from Bottlers' Union, with reference to unfair attitude of Pabst and Schlitz Brewing Companies, matter was laid over one week for purpose of securing attendance of representatives of firms mentioned located in San Francisco. Report concurred in.

**Reports of Unions**—Laundry Workers—Donated \$25.00 to Textile Workers. Grocery Clerks—Piggley-Wiggley unfair; look for monthly working button of Clerks. Cracker Bakers—Requested demand for crackers made by local firms; National Biscuit Company still unfair. Teamsters No. 85—Donated \$250.00 to Textile Workers. Lithographers—Complained about union men working on their jurisdiction. Federal Employees—Will hold dance and whist party June 15th, Native Sons Hall. Chauffeurs—Still on strike against Yellow, Atlas, Black and White Taxi Cab Companies. Jewelry Workers—Dispute with Metal Polishers adjusted. Culinary Workers—Making good progress; White Lunches still unfair.

**Auditing Committee**—Reported favorably on bills and warrants were ordered drawn.

**Receipts**—\$420.83. **Expenses**—\$791.39.

Council adjourned at 9:15 p. m.

Fraternally submitted,

JOHN A. O'CONNELL, Secretary.

### A GRACIOUS JUDGE.

In enjoining striking employees of the Western Maryland Railroad, Federal District Judge Baker actually declared that his order did not debar any worker from being at any place where he has a lawful right to be.

The unions are restrained from trespassing on the company's property, punishment for which offense is provided in the criminal statutes, with no reference to injunction judges.

The paragraph which assures the strikers that all of their rights have not been taken from them by this gracious injunction judge is as follows:

"This order shall not prohibit the defendants from attending at any place where they may law-

fully be for the purpose of peacefully and lawfully receiving information."

The Western Maryland recently failed to induce Federal Judge Rose at Baltimore to issue a permanent injunction against these employees.

## JOINT ACCOUNTS

This Bank will open accounts in the name of two individuals, for instance, man and wife, either of whom may deposit money for, or draw against the account.

## HUMBOLDT SAVINGS BANK

Savings and Commercial Depts.

783 Market St., near Fourth, San Francisco

## DEMAND THE UNION LABEL

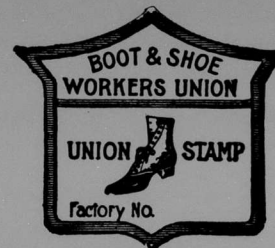


ON YOUR PRINTING, BOOKBINDING  
AND PHOTO ENGRAVING

If a firm cannot place the Label of the Allied Printing Trades Council on your Printing, it is not a Union Concern.

For Twenty Years we have issued this Union Stamp for use under our

## Voluntary Arbitration Contract



### OUR STAMP INSURES:

Peaceful Collective Bargaining  
Forbids Both Strikes and Lockouts  
Disputes Settled by Arbitration  
Steady Employment and Skilled Workmanship  
Prompt Deliveries to Dealers and Public  
Peace and Success to Workers and Employers  
Prosperity of Shoe Making Communities

As loyal union men and women, we ask you to demand shoes bearing the above Union Stamp on Sole, Insole or Lining.

## Boot & Shoe Workers' Union

246 SUMMER STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

Collis Lovely, General President  
Chas. L. Baine, General Secretary-Treasurer

## PIGGLY WIGGLY

*Still Over the World*

## GRANADA MARKET

761 Market Street

## BAY CITY MARKET

1314 Ocean Ave.

25 Mason Street

San Francisco Unit Only



## MEN'S SMART STYLES IN UNION-STAMPED BROWN SHOES

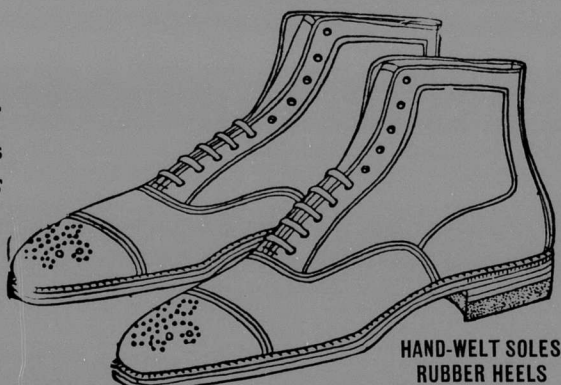
**MAHOGANY BROWN  
CALF LACE**

styled as pictured

**HAVANA BROWN CALF  
BLUCHERS**—Rounding Toes

**TOBACCO BROWN CALF  
LACE**—Custom Toes

**\$6<sup>00</sup>**



HAND-WELT SOLES  
RUBBER HEELS

AGENTS  
FOR  
"W. L. Douglas"  
SHOES

B. KATSEHINSKI  
**Philadelphia Shoe Co**  
825 MARKET STREET  
SAN FRANCISCO

525 FOURTEENTH ST.  
OAKLAND

AGENTS  
FOR  
THE  
"EDUCATOR"  
SHOE

## Brief Items of Interest

The Waiters' Union has placed its headquarters at the disposal of disabled veterans of the world war during their convention in this city. All veterans are invited to avail themselves of the privileges of the headquarters during their stay in San Francisco.

Eleven stores have promised to make a special display of union label goods during the conventions that are to be held in San Francisco this month. The Label Section of the Labor Council is responsible for this fine plan of advertising the union label, and it is up to the organized workers to indicate to the merchants that they appreciate what is done for the label.

Local artists are loud in their praises of an art glass window made for an Oakland church by a local firm. Artists agree that the window is the equal of the best art glass work turned out by celebrated European firms. The window is the work of members of the Glass Workers' Union of San Francisco. It is now on exhibition at 638 Fourth street, this city.

Carpenters' Union No. 1083 of San Francisco has surrendered its charter to the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America and has amalgamated with Carpenters' Union No. 483, one of the oldest and largest carpenters' organizations in this city.

Wage earners who are members of the United Brethren Church, and even those who are not, will probably be interested in knowing that the official publishing house of that denomination,

located in Dayton, Ohio, employs none but scabs and strikebreakers in its composing room.

Acceptance by both employers and employees of the awards made in the case of Cooks and Waiters' Union and the Restaurant Men's Association of Fresno, Saturday brought the differences between the organizations to an end. The cooks and waiters had refused to accept a 50-cents a day cut in the wage scale. A maximum cut in wages of between 6 and 7 per cent and a slight change in the working rules were agreed upon.

The Fiftieth annual picnic of Molders' Union No. 164 will be held in Shellmound Park next Sunday, June 18th. The committee of arrangements has spared no effort to make it one of the greatest affairs of this old organization. Prizes of various kinds have been provided and all sorts of games and amusements are listed on the program. Three stoves are to be given away at the affair and other inducements aside from the entertainment features are counted upon to bring out the largest attendance in the history of the Molders' Union. Shellmound Park, June 18th.

The whist party which the Label Section had planned to hold has been postponed until a later date because of the many other attractions for public attention just now. No definite time has been set, but announcement will be made when the calendar becomes less clogged. Attendance is the thing desired at these affairs in order to promote the demand for the union label, card and button.

The San Francisco Labor Council is being represented at the Convention of the American Fed-

eration of Labor in Cincinnati by Michael Casey, vice-president of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters.

A group of half a dozen members of the Garment Workers' Union of San Francisco were stationed as nurses in the Civic Auditorium during the Shriners' Convention and attracted considerable interest in their trim coverall costumes. They were from the Eloesser-Heynemann garment factory, which manufactures the coverall.

Frank Brown and W. R. Burton have been nominated for business agent of Molders' Union No. 164 for the ensuing term. The election will be held on June 27th in San Francisco and outside members will mail their ballots in between now and that date, when the count will take place. Brown is the incumbent and Burton formerly held the office for a number of years.

The regular monthly meeting of the Typographical Union will be held in Convention Hall in the Labor Temple on Sunday next, at which the newly elected officers will be installed for the ensuing term.

During the last thirty days thirty-six San Francisco labor unions have adopted resolutions indorsing the California Water and Power Act. The bill was indorsed originally by the California Federation of Labor at its annual convention at San Jose, on October 6th last. On April 14th last the act was indorsed by the San Francisco Labor Council. During the last thirty days the following San Francisco unions have indorsed it: Bay Cities Metal Trades Council, Int. Molders' Union No. 164, Int. Brotherhood of Blacksmiths, Drop Forgers and Helpers' Union No. 168, Theatrical Stage Employees' Union No. 16, Butchers' Union No. 115, Machinists' Union No. 68, Cigarmakers' Union No. 228, United Garment Workers' Union No. 131, Trackmen's Union No. 687, Office Employees' Association No. 13188, Milk Wagon Drivers' Union No. 226, Brotherhood of Teamsters No. 85, Molders' Union Auxiliary No. 1, Pattern-makers' Union, Sailors' Union of the Pacific, Elevator Operators and Starters' Union No. 48, Journeymen Horseshoers' Union No. 25, Steamfitters' Union No. 590, Watchmen's Union No. 15,689, Int. Building Service Employees' Union No. 9 (Janitors), Shipyard Laborers' Union, Picture Frame Workers' Union, Bakers' Union No. 24, Cemetery Employees' Union No. 10,634, Tailors' Union No. 80, Glove Workers' Union No. 39, Upholsterers' Union No. 28, Waiters' Union No. 30, Electrical Workers' Union No. 151, Carpenters' Union No. 483, Ferryboatmen's Union of California, Sailmakers' Union, Grocery Clerks' Union, Brotherhood of Railway Carmen No. 736, Laundry Workers' Union No. 26, Metal Polishers' Union No. 128, Barbers' Union No. 148.

TELEPHONE PARK 2

**DR. H. M. GRIMWOOD**  
DENTIST

San Christina Bldg., 1026 Market St.  
COR. GOLDEN GATE AVE. SUITE 209-210

Patronize the  
**Quality Delicatessen**

2046 Mission St., Bet. 16th and 17th

We Specialize in  
SALADS and IMPORTED GOODS

**Hoyt's**  
THE DOUGHNUT KING

Fifth and Market 1014 Market 22nd & Mission  
Seventh and Market Geary & Fillmore

### FREE MUSIC LESSONS:—Notice to Union Labor Men—

To help you to educate your children in music I have arranged with best union music teachers to give, absolutely free, a course of lessons with each musical instrument purchased at \$50.00 or over, including Holton Band Instruments, World's Leading Make, for which I am Sole Distributor in this territory. Best credit terms. Union Labor Men, you need music in your homes. Purchase from a union man who has your interests at heart. Everything musical—including Pianos, Player Rolls, Sheet Music, etc.  
Phone Douglas 6627 CALIFORNIA BAND INSTRUMENT CO. Phone Oakland 9203  
330 Sutter St., S. F. LEIGH INGALSBE, Prop.—Member Local 6, A. F. of M. 575 14th St., Oakland